

Online Guide to

Educational Systems



Around the World—Canada



NAFSA

Association of
International Educators

Submitted by Kathleen Trayte Freeman
and Susan Whipple

April 2011

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Instructions for Using the *Online Guide to Educational Systems Around the World*

Susan Whipple, Editor

May 2011

These documents are updates to those in the 1999 publication *A Guide to Educational Systems Around the World* (which was an update to *The Handbook on the Placement of Foreign Graduate Students*, published in 1990 and colloquially known as the "Graduate Handbook.")

It is important to note that these documents do not replace either of the earlier publications, which should be used for credentials issued prior to 1999, the period those publications cover.

Readers familiar with the original version of *A Guide to Educational Systems Around the World* will note that these updates use the same format:

1. Each of these publications provides lists of credentials and other data that can be used both for undergraduate and graduate admissions.
2. "Advice for admissions officers" is intentionally not provided. We have attempted to avoid all types of subjective interpretation, relying instead on objective data. Users of these updates should use the information provided in conjunction with other resources to determine their own placement recommendations and possibility of transfer credit. Questions about credentials can be posted on the Admission and Credential Evaluation discussion forum on the Recruitment, Admissions, and Preparation Knowledge Community: <http://www.nafsa.org/aceforums>. For information on how to subscribe to the network, please visit www.nafsa.org/networksubscribe.

Please note that these updates should be supplemented by additional written materials that describe complete foreign educational systems, including data on specific institutions, and by professional training in the theory and practice of credential evaluation. Many of these resources are available from NAFSA, either as printed publications or on-line. The need for institution support for budgetary resources and training for undergraduate and graduate admissions personnel remains important, regardless of the increased availability of resources on the Web.

These publications were compiled by many authors using a standardized template and style. Although minor variations among entries do occur, the basic guidelines are explained as follows:

Educational Ladder

1 - 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
 ½ ½ ½ ½ ½ ½ ½ ½ ½ ½
 A B B

The year or half-year at which a credential is awarded is the point at which the corresponding credential letter is placed. In the example above, credential A is awarded after the 9th year of education. Note that the corresponding letter is placed directly below the number 9.

All *normal* possibilities of the total number of years of education that a credential might require are indicated on the ladder. This occurs for credential B, in which the credential can be awarded after either 12 or 13 total years of education. An explanation is provided in the description of the credential whenever a letter appears on the ladder more than once. There are a few cases when this multiple-listing style was not used; in these cases, there are explanatory comments.

An arrow (→) is used after a credential letter in cases where no maximum length of study for a particular program is specified, or where the study time is open-ended. For example, a doctor of philosophy degree program may require a minimum of three years of enrollment. The corresponding credential letter with an arrow will appear under the minimum number of total years of education required to earn the Ph.D.

Explanations About Documents

Credentials are divided into two categories: secondary and postsecondary. The decision to include the credential under one or the other category is not a subjective one—a credential is determined to be either secondary or postsecondary according to its designation by the country of origin, regardless of how individual institutions might perceive the level (and recommend transfer credit).

Numerical endnotes, placed directly after the complete list of credentials, are used when a lengthy explanation about a credential is necessary.

Foreign Terms and Words

Foreign terms are used whenever possible, and are translated literally, in most cases. Literal translations are used to avoid subjectivity. We have attempted to be consistent with translations across languages, though readers may notice some differences between countries because of preferences indicated by the submitters. Credential evaluators and admissions personnel should always rely on official foreign language documents, using translations only as guides.

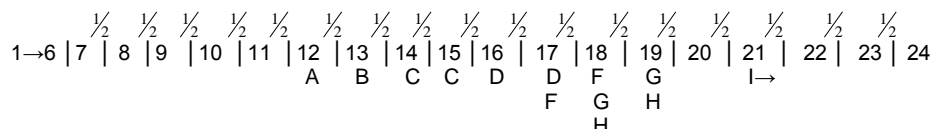
Grading Information

Only the most common grading scales used in each country are listed. Evaluators understand that variations in grading are common and that one should always consult the grading information that may be provided on official transcripts. Rather than making grade equivalency statements, the submitter(s) of the update provided information regarding grading practices within the countries.

- M Doctor of Medicine/Dentistry/Veterinary Medicine: Awarded upon completion of 6 years of study with pre-professional general education preceding the professional education: DDS + MD (2+4); DVM is a six year entry level program.
- N Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.): Awarded upon completion of 3 years of education after credential F (with thesis) or 2 years after credential L.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA

YEARS OF EDUCATION →



CREDENTIALS OR DOCUMENTATION

Secondary

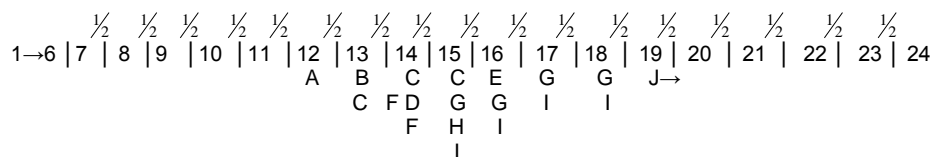
- A Secondary School (High School) Graduation Diploma secondary school completion document; gives admission to postsecondary institutions. Also referred to as the “Dogwood Diploma” because of the dogwood flower depicted in the design of the Diploma’s background.

Postsecondary

- B Certificate in (subject): awarded after completion of 1 year of study at a community college. Requires credential **A** for admission.
- C College diploma or Associates degree: awarded after completion of 2-3 year program at a college of community college.
- D Bachelor’s Degree: First university degree, awarded upon completion of 4-5 years of study at a university or college. Also called “Honours”, “Four-Year”, or “Advanced”. Requires credential **A**, **B** or **C** for admission.
- E Institute of Chartered Accountants of British Columbia: Awarded upon successful completion of a series of examinations. Prior to sitting for the exam for licensure, candidates must demonstrate proficiency through a combination of activities, including appropriate courses work, work experience in a CA Training Office, and/or professional education provided by CA. (Note: this is not an educational credential but a licensure/career enhancing credential.)
- F Post-Bachelor’s diploma: Awarded by a university upon completion of 1 additional year of specialized study beyond the Bachelor’s degree.
- G Master’s degree: Awarded by a university upon completion of 1-2 years of full-time graduate studies. Requires credentials **B** for admission.
- H Professional degree: Awarded upon completion of 6 (3 years pre-professional and 3 years professional) or 7 years (3 years pre-professional and 4 years professional) of study in fields of medicine, dental, medicine, law.
- I Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.): Awarded upon completion of 3 or more years of graduate study plus thesis or dissertation. Requires credential **G** for admission.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA

YEARS OF EDUCATION →



CREDENTIALS OR DOCUMENTATION

Secondary

- A New Brunswick High School Graduation Diploma: secondary school completion document; gives admission to postsecondary institutions. Also called *Certificat de Fin d'Études Secondaires*/Certificate of End of Graduation Studies.

Postsecondary

- B Certificate/*Certificat*: Awarded upon completion of up to 1 year of undergraduate level study. Requires credential **A** for admission.
- C Diploma/*Diplôme*: Awarded upon completion of 1-3 years of undergraduate level study. Requires credential **A** for admission.
- D Bachelor's Degree: Awarded upon successful completion of 3 years of undergraduate level study. Requires credential **A** for admission.
- E Honours Bachelor's Degree: Awarded upon completion of a minimum of 4 years of undergraduate level study, with prescribed subject concentration.
- F Bachelor of Education: First professional program requiring 1.5 to 2 years of university level studies. Requires credential **D** or **E** for admission.
- G Postgraduate Diploma/*Diplôme Universitaire Supérieur*: Post-graduate diploma awarded upon completion of 1-2 years of study beyond credentials **D** and **E**.
- H Bachelor of Law: First professional program requiring 3 years of graduate (university) level studies. Requires credential **D** or **E**, or 3 years of university study for admission.
- I Master's Degree: Awarded upon successful completion of 1-2 years of study beyond credentials **D** and **E**.
- J Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.)/*Doctorat*: Awarded upon completion of 3 or more years of study beyond credential **G** and the submission and defense of a major thesis (dissertation).

PROVINCE OF NORTHWEST TERRITORIES, CANADA

YEARS OF EDUCATION →

1→6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24
 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
 A C D E
 B

CREDENTIALS OR DOCUMENTATION

Secondary

- A High School Graduation Diploma: secondary school completion document awarded by the Department of Education-Northwest Territories; gives admission to postsecondary institutions. Formerly called Senior Secondary School Graduation Diploma.
- B Leaving Certificate: Issued upon completion of 12 years of education simultaneously with the Diploma and is the Individualized Education Plan (IEP) from the School District.

Postsecondary

- C College certificate: usually awarded upon completion of 1 year of post-secondary study.
- D College diploma: usually awarded upon completion of 2 years of post-secondary study.
- E Teacher Education Diploma: issued upon successful completion of 3 years of post-secondary study.

There are no universities in the Northwest Territories.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, CANADA

YEARS OF EDUCATION →

1→6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24
 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
 A B C D E F F I I
 G F I I J J→
 H J J
 I

CREDENTIALS OR DOCUMENTATION

Secondary

- A Nova Scotia High School Graduation Diploma: secondary school completion document; gives admission to postsecondary institutions. Formerly called High School Completion Certificate.

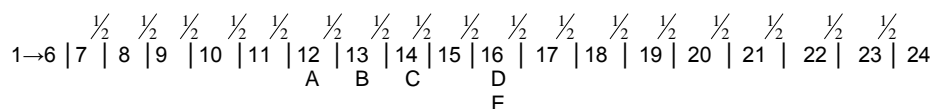
Postsecondary

- B Certificate: Awarded after 1 year of post-secondary study at Nova Scotia Community College. Requires credential **A** for admission.

- C Diploma: Awarded after 2 year of post-secondary study at Nova Scotia Community College. Requires credential **A** for admission.
- D Bachelor of.../Baccalauréat en...: Awarded after completion of 3 years of university level study. Requires credential **A** for admission.
- E Bachelor of.../Baccalauréat en...: Awarded after completion of 4 years of university level study. Requires credential **A** for admission.
- F Bachelor of Education: Awarded after 1-2 years of additional study beyond credentials **D** and **E**.
- G Bachelor of Laws: Awarded after 3 years of university level study. Admission requires a minimum of 2 years of undergraduate study.
- H Doctor of Medicine/Doctor of Dental Surgery: Awarded upon completion of 4 years of university study. Admission requires a minimum of 2 years of undergraduate study.
- I Master of .../Maîtrise en...: Awarded after 1-4 years of graduate level study. Requires credential **D** or **E** for admission.
- J Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.): Awarded after 1-3 years of graduate level study, research and dissertation. Requires credential **I** for admission.

PROVINCE OF NUNAVUT, CANADA

YEARS OF EDUCATION →



CREDENTIALS OR DOCUMENTATION

Secondary

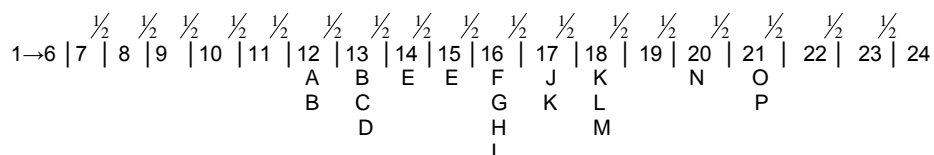
- A High School Graduation Diploma: secondary school completion document; gives admission to postsecondary institutions

Postsecondary

- B Certificate: Awarded after 1 year of post-secondary study by Nunavut Arctic College. Requires credential **A** for admission.
- C Diploma: Awarded after 2 years of post-secondary study by Nunavut Arctic College. Requires credential **A** for admission.
- D Bachelor of Science in Artic Nursing: Awarded after 4 years of post-secondary study in nursing by Nunavut Arctic College. This program is offered in partnership with Dalhousie University. Requires credential **A** for admission.
- E Bachelor of Education: Awarded after 4 years of teacher education at Nunavut Arctic College. This program is offered in partnership with McGill University. Requires credential **A** for admission.
- F Nunavut Teaching Certificate: Awarded after completion of credential **E** and submission of an application to Nunavut Department of Education. (Note: this is a licensure credential, not an educational credential.)

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO, CANADA

YEARS OF EDUCATION →



CREDENTIALS OR DOCUMENTATION

Secondary

- A Secondary School Graduation Diploma (SSGD): last awarded in August 1989; secondary school completion document; gives admission to postsecondary institutions.
- B Ontario Secondary School Diploma (OSSD): secondary school completion document; gives admission to postsecondary institutions. Was a 13-year program until 2002-2003 academic year. In 1999, educational reforms were implemented that dropped Grade 13. Students who completed Grade 13 in the 2002-2003 academic year were the last cohort to go through the 5-year system and sit for OAC exams (Ontario Academic Courses). Academic year 2002-2003 was also the first year students graduated from the 12-year system.)
- C Secondary School Honours Graduation Diploma (SSHGD): last awarded in August 1989; secondary school completion document; gives admission to postsecondary institutions.

Postsecondary

- D *Certificate*: Awarded by a college of applied arts and technology (CAAT) or a college institute of technology and advanced learning (CITAL); 1 year post-secondary program based on credential **B**.
- E Ontario College Diploma: 2-3 year program requiring credential **B** for admission.
- F Applied Bachelor's Degree: 4-year programs requiring credential **B** for admission.
- G Bachelor's Degree: 3-year program based on pre-2003 credential **B**, requiring 13 years of primary and secondary school. (13+3)
- H Honours Bachelor Degree: 1-year program based on credential **G**.
- I Bachelor's Degree: 4-year degree requiring credential **B** for admission. (12 + 4)
- J Graduate Diploma: 1-year of study beyond credential **I**.
- K Master's Degree: 1-2 years of study, beyond credential **I**.
- L Juris Doctor (J.D.): 3-year graduate program requiring credential **I** for admission.
- M Bachelor of Laws (LLB): 3-year graduate program based on credential **I**.
- N Doctor of Medicine (M.D.): 4-year graduate program based on credential **I**.
- O Doctor of Education (Ed.D.): 3+ year post-graduate program based on credential **K**.
- P Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.): 3+ year post-graduate program based on credential **K**.

- D *Diplôme d'études professionnelles (DEP)/Diploma of Vocational Studies (DVS)*: Awarded upon completion of 11 years of study with a vocational specialization.
- E *Attestation de formation professionnelle (AFP)/Attestation of Vocational Education (AVE)*: Awarded upon completion of 11 years of study with a vocational specialization.
- F *Attestation d'études collégiales (AEC)/Attestation of College Studies (ACS)*: Awarded by a CEGEP or private college. Variable program length; vocational credential.
- G *Diplôme d'études collégiales (DEC)/Diploma of College Studies (DCS) – pre-university program*: Awarded upon completion of a 2-year pre-university preparatory program.
- H *Diplôme d'études collégiales (DEC)/Diploma of College Studies (DCS) – post-secondary program*: Awarded upon completion of a 3-year vocational program; does not usually lead to university study.

Postsecondary

- I *Baccalarium/Baccalaureat/Bachelier, Bacheliere, Bachelor's Degree*: Awarded upon completion of 3 years of study beyond credential **G**.
- J *Baccalaureat en droit/Bachelier en droit/Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.)*: Awarded upon completion of 3 years of study beyond credential **G**.
- K *Baccalaureat en droit civil/Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.)*: Awarded upon completion of 3 years of study beyond credential **G** or 1 year of study beyond credential **J**.
- L *Baccalaureat en sciences juridiques/Bachelor of Legal Studies*: Awarded upon completion of 3 years of study beyond credential **G**.
- M *Magister/Maître/Maîtrise/Master's degree*: Awarded upon completion of 2 years of study beyond credential **I**.
- N *Maître en droit/Maîtrise en droit/Master of Civil Law/Master of Laws*: Awarded upon completion 1-1.5 years of professional study beyond credentials **J** or **K**.
- O *Maîtrise en médecine (Master in Medicine)*: Awarded upon completion of a degree in Dentistry, Medicine or Veterinary medicine or a specialized Bachelor's degree plus one year of professional study.
- P *Doctor en médecine vétérinaire (Doctor in Veterinary Medicine)*: Awarded upon completion of credential **G** plus 4 years of professional study.
- Q *Doctorat en optométrie (Doctor in Optometry)*: Awarded upon completion of credential **G** plus 4 years of professional study.
- R *Doctorat de philosophie/Doctorem Philosophiae/Philosophiae Doctor/Doctor en.../Doctor in...:* Awarded upon completion of a minimum of 3 years of study beyond credential **M**.
- S *Doctor of Philosophy*: Awarded upon completion of a minimum of 3 years of study beyond credential **M**.
- T *Doctor en Médecine/Medicinae Doctor*: Awarded upon completion of 4-5 years of study beyond credential **G**.
- U *Doctor of Medicine/Doctor of Surgery*: Awarded upon completion of 5 years of study beyond credential **G**.
- V *Doctor of Medicine/Doctor of Surgery*: Awarded upon completion of 7 years of study beyond credential **G** (3 year Bachelor degree + 4 years or professional study).
- W *Doctorat en médecine dentaire/Doctor of Dental Surgery*: Awarded upon completion of 5 years of professional study beyond credential **G** or credential **G** plus 1 year of university study plus 4 years of professional study.

YUKON TERRITORY, CANADA

YEARS OF EDUCATION →

1→6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24
 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
 A B C
 D

CREDENTIALS OR DOCUMENTATION

Secondary

- A High School Diploma: secondary school completion document; required for admission to post-secondary study that is academic in nature.

Postsecondary

- B Yukon College Certificate: Usually awarded upon completion of 1 year of post-secondary study.
- C Yukon College Diploma: Usually awarded upon completion of 2 years of post-secondary study.
- D Associate of Arts or Associate of General Studies: Awarded upon completion of 2 years of study in the Arts and Sciences Division of Yukon College.

There are no universities in the Northwest Territories.

GRADING SCALE

Education in Canada is decentralized, so grading systems vary by province, institution and program. The grading scales listed are those generally used, but other scales may be used by individual institutions, especially universities.

PROVINCE OF ALBERTA

Approved Common Provincial Grading Scale.

Description	Alpha Grade	4 Point Scale
Excellent	A+	4.0
Excellent	A	4.0
Excellent	A-	3.7
Excellent	B+	3.3
Good	B	3.0
Good	B-	2.7
Good	C+	2.3
Satisfactory	C	2.0
Satisfactory	C-	1.7
Poor	D+	1.3
Minimal Pass	D	1.0
Failure	F	0

Universities may use a different grading scale.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

The post-secondary institutions use a variety of different grading scales, usually using a version of the 4 point scale. These are a few of the most common scales.

Secondary

Indigenous Scale			Suggested U.S. Grade
86-100	A	Excellent	A
73-85	B	Good	B
60-72	C	Satisfactory	C
50-59	P	Poor	D
0-49	F	Fail	F

Postsecondary

Indigenous Scale		Suggested U.S. Grade
A+		A
A		A
A-		A
B+		B
B		B
B-		B
C+		C
C		C
C-		C
P		P
D		D
F		F
Honours First Class Degree	3.50	A
Honours Degree	3.00	B

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

Usual Grading Scale in Secondary School:	U.S. Equivalent
A+	A
A	A
A-	A
B+	B
B	B
B-	B
C+	C
C	C
C-	C
D	D
F	F

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK

Secondary level: There is no standard grading system at the secondary level. For schools using a percentage scale, 60 is the minimum passing grade.

Post-secondary level: grading scales vary by institution.

PROVINCE OF NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR

On secondary documents, the most common method of grading will be numeric: 0-100 percent; with highest at 100 percent, pass/fail level at 50 percent and lowest below 50 percent.

From the community college system, the College of the North Atlantic and Maritime Institute use numeric grades: 80-100 = 4; 70-75 = 3; 60-65 = 2; 50-55 = 1; below 50 = 0. Memorial University instituted a four-point grading system to replace the previous three-point system; the four-point system being the most standardized in all of North America and making the university's results more comparable across institutions. Their grading scale is 80-100 = A; 65-79 = B; 55-64 = C; 50-54 = D; <50 = F.

PROVINCE OF NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

Grading Scale:

95-100	4.00	A+
90-94	4.00	A
85-89	3.67	A-
80-84	3.33	B+
75-79	3.00	B
70-74	2.67	B-
65-69	2.33	C+
60-64	2.00	C
55-59	1.67	C-
50-54	1.00	Pass
0-49	0.00	No Credit

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

Secondary

0 - 100; 50 is the lowest passing grade.

Postsecondary

Most postsecondary institutions use an A-F grading scale, a four-point grading scale, a 100-point grading scale (with 50 or 60 as the lowest passing grade), or a combination of two or three of the above scales. These grading scales are very similar to the US grading scale.

PROVINCE OF NUNAVUT

Grading Scale

Percentage	Grade Point	Suggested U.S. Equivalent
95 - 100	4.0	A
80 - 94	3.0	B
60 - 70	2.0 - 2.25	C
50 - 59	1.0	D
0 - 49	0.0	F

The passing grade for individual courses is 50% and 60% for the program.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

Secondary

<u>Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
80-100	Excellent
70-79	Good
56-69	Satisfactory
50-55	Poor
0-49	Fail

Postsecondary

As in the United States, there is no uniform grading scale at post-secondary institutions in Ontario. Institutions use variants of the A-F scale or the 0-100 scale; some use an A-F +/- scale. The grading scale is always listed on the student's transcript.

PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

The grading scale used by primary and secondary schools is 0 to 100, with 50 the minimum passing grade.

Canadian		U.S. Equivalent
80% - 100%	First Class	A
70% - 79%	Second Class	B
50% - 69%	Pass	C
0 - 49%	Fail	F

Main grading scale at the university level:

Canadian		U.S. Equivalent
80% - 100%	First Class	A
70% - 79%	Second Class	B
60% - 69%	Pass	C
0 - 59%	Fail	F

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC

Primary and Secondary:

Canadian		U.S. Equivalent
90-100	Excellent	A
80-89	Good	B
70-79	Satisfactory	C
60-69	Poor	D
0-59	Fail	F

College/CEGEP:

Canadian		U.S. Equivalent
80-100	Excellent	A
75-79	Very good/Tres bien	B
65-74	Good/Bien	C
60-64	Pass/Passable	D
0-59	Failure/Echec	F

University:

Individual universities set their own grading scales, which can usually be found on the transcript or transcript addendum.

PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN

Usual grading system in secondary school

Highest on scale: 100 percent

Pass/fail level: 50 percent

Lowest on scale: 0 percent

Main grading system used by higher education institutions

Full Description: University of Saskatchewan and University of Regina use percentages from 0-100 percent for grades.

Highest on scale: Regina: 85-100 percent; Saskatchewan: 90-100 percent

Pass/fail level: Regina: 50 percent; Saskatchewan: 50-59 percent

Lowest on scale: 0-49 percent

Other main grading systems

SIAS: Traditional programs use percentage grades from 0-100 percent. Some competency-based education programs use a grade point system. Others assign a "complete" based on scores achieved on written and skills tests.

YUKON TERRITORY

Primary and Secondary Grading scale:

86-100	A
73-85	B
68-72	C+
60-67	C
50-59	D
0-49	F

Grading scale for Yukon College:

80-100	4	A
65-79	3	B
55-64	2	C
50-54	1	D
0-49	0	F

Some courses use "M" (mastery) or "F" (unsatisfactory) grades.

POSTSECONDARY INSTITUTION RECOGNITION BODIES

Provincial ministries of education:

PROVINCE OF ALBERTA:

Government of Alberta: www.education.alberta.ca/home.aspx.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA:

British Columbia Ministry of Education: www.gov.bc.ca/themes/education_literacy.html

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA:

Department of Advanced Education and Training/Ministre de l'éducation postsecondaire et de la Formation professionnelle
Legislative Building
450 Broadway
Winnipeg, Manitoba R3C 0V8 Canada
Phone: 204-945-2211; Fax: 204-945-8692
Web: www.edu.gov.mb.ca

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK:

New Brunswick Department of Education: www.gnb.ca/0000/educators-e.asp

PROVINCE OF NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR:

Department of Education: www.ed.gov.nl.ca/edu/

PROVINCE OF NORTHWEST TERRITORIES:

Department of Education, Culture and Employment
PO Box 1320
4501 50th Avenue
Yellowknife, Northwest Territories X1A 2L9 Canada
Phone: 867-920-6240; Fax: 867-873-0456
Web: www.ece.gov.nt.ca/

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA:

Department of Education: www.ednet.ns.ca/

PROVINCE OF NUNAVUT:

Government of Nunavut Department of Education: www.gov.nu.ca/education/eng/index.htm

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO:

Ontario Ministry of Education and Training: <http://www.edu.gov.on.ca>

PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND:

Department of Education
PO Box 2000
Sullivan Building
16 Fitzroy Street
Charlottetown
Prince Edward Island C1A 7N8 Canada
Phone: 902-368-4600; Fax: 902-368-4663
Web: www.gov.pe.ca/education

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC:

Ministry of Education, Leisure and Sport: www.mels.gouv.qc.ca/GR-PUB/m_englis.htm.

PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN:

Department of Learning
2220 College Avenue
Regina, Saskatchewan S4P 3V7 Canada
Phone: 306-787-7360; Fax: 306-787-0237
Web: www.sasked.gov.sk.ca/

YUKON TERRITORY:

Yukon Department of Education
PO Box 2703
Whitehorse
Yukon Territory Y1A2C6 Canada
Phone: 403-667-5141; Fax: 403-393-6339
Yukon Department of Education
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Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada (AUCC), 350 Albert Street, Suite 600,
Ottawa, Ontario K1R 1B1, Canada. Tel: 613-563-1236. Fax: 613-563-9745. www.aucc.ca

Association of Canadian Community Colleges (ACCC), 200-1223 rue Michael St. N., Ottawa,
Ontario K1J 7T2, Canada. Tel: 613-746-2222. Fax: 613-746-6721. www.accc.ca

RESOURCES FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Print

Association of Commonwealth Universities. *Commonwealth Universities Yearbook 2005*.
London: ACU, 2005

Feagles, Shelley. *A Guide to Educational Systems Around the World*. Washington, DC:
NAFSA, 1999

Foreign Educational Credentials Required, Fifth Edition. Washington, DC: American
Association of Collegiate Registrars and Admissions Officers (AACRAO), 2003.

*Foreign Educational Credentials Required for Consideration of Admission to Universities and
Colleges in the United States*. Washington, DC: American Association of Collegiate Registrars
and Admissions Officers (AACRAO), 1994.

Frey, James, ed. *The Admission and Placement of Students from Canada*. Annapolis Junction,
MD: PIER, 1989.

On-line

AACRAO's EDGE Electronic Database: <http://aacraoedge.aacrao.org>

Association of Canadian Community Colleges (ACCC), 200-1223 rue Michael St. N., Ottawa, Ontario K1J 7T2, Canada. Tel: 613-746-2222. Fax: 613-746-6721. www.accc.ca

Association of Colleges of Applied Arts and Technology (ACAATO):
<http://www.collegesontario.org/>

Association of Faculties of Medicine of Canada: <http://www.aamc.org/medicalschoools.htm>

Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada (AUCC), 350 Albert Street, Suite 600, Ottawa, Ontario K1R 1B1, Canada. Tel: 613-563-1236. Fax: 613-563-9745. www.aucc.ca

Association of Universities and Colleges of Ontario: http://www.aucc.ca/index_e.html

Colleges of applied arts and technology: <http://www.edu.gov.on.ca/eng/general/list/college.html>

Council of Ontario Universities: <http://www.cou.on.ca/>

Degree programs offered under Ministerial consent at Colleges of applied arts and technology:
<http://www.edu.gov.on.ca/eng/general/postsec/CAATconsents.html>; All degree programs offered under Ministerial consent:

<http://www.edu.gov.on.ca/eng/general/postsec/opconsents.html>

Education in Canada: www.educationau-incanada.ca/menu.aspx?404%3B/index.aspx

Government of Australia Education Profiles: www.aei.gov.au/AEI/CEP/CEPByAlphabet.htm

International Association of Universities (IAU) Online Database/World Higher Education Database - www.iau-aiu.net/onlinedatabases/index.html

National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics (NAIA) –<http://www.naia.org>

National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) Eligibility Center –
<https://web1.ncaa.org/eligibilitycenter/common/>

National Junior College Athletic Association (NJCAA) –<http://www.njcaa.org>

Ontario Council on Graduate Studies: <http://ocgs.cou.on.ca/>

Ontario Ministry of Education and Training: <http://www.edu.gov.on.ca>

Private career colleges: <http://www.edu.gov.on.ca/eng/general/private.html>

Private institutions with restricted degree-granting authority:

http://www.edu.gov.on.ca/eng/general/priv_deg.html

Public universities: <http://www.edu.gov.on.ca/eng/general/list/univers.html>

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